YEAR IN REVIEW SESSION -22/11/24 HALL B 10.10AM-11-40AM

1) Year in review basic science

-Mouse model showed Sodium gated ion channel 1.7 contribute to OA pain and chondrocyte loss. ProTx 2 (antagonist of sodium gated voltage channel) will be useful in treatment

-Mouse model showed EphB2 deletion ameliorates skin fibrosis in scleroderma. Blocking IL1RAP ameliorates skin and lung fibrosis in scleroderma

-Autoinflammatory cluster will help in personalizing treatment study from single cell transcriptome.

-Altered serum metabolome study will indicate paraneoplastic or concomitant cancer in patients in rheumatic disease

-TNFSF14 drives IL6 and IL1 β in gout and its blocking will ameliorate acute inflammation

-Newer antibody SMN complex antibody is associated with MCTD PAH and ILD association is 88 % and predicts high mortality

2) Year in review - Clinical science

-CD19 Car T cell therapy in AIRD- B cell repopulation seen at 4 months and none of the patients were on immunosupression. However all patients did well with no relapse. CAR T cells are feasible safe and efficacious

-BCMA CD19 compound CAR T trials in SLE . enrolled 13 lupus patients including 2 patients with lymphoma. 11/14 patients achieved LLDAS and 9/13 were in remission and even anti Ro and ANA became negative.

-CAR T cell therapy in RA shows promise

-Occurrence of Lymphoma after CAR T cell therapy- FDA warning

-BiTES: Bi specific T cell engagers kill B cells Trials in refractory RA. Multidrug resistant patients show response.

-BCMA targeted T cell engager therapy in AIRDs

-Teclistamab- induced remission in refractory SLE

-Off shelf CART- allogeneic CART on horizon showed good response in Scleroderma and IMNM patient

-Risk of secondary malignancy with these therapies: 0.1-0.3%

-SI joint radiographic progression over 10 years in axSpA: DESIT cohort: Predictors of progression were male sex, smoking. duration and especially MRI positivity.

-SURPASS trial: Secukinumab vs Adalimab in radiographic progression: showed superiority of secukinumab over Adalimumab but at 104 weeks no difference in progression

-TRBV9 antibody in Ankylosing spondylitis eliminates only 4 % of T cells but therapy shows improvement- TARGETED IMMUNOTHERAPY

-MANDARA Trial: Benralizumab vs Mepolizumab for EGPA- a. Non inferiority trial. Results show equal efficacy

-Long term data from LoVAS study: Low vs High dose steroids in AAV (without severe GN/DAH) treated with RTX: No difference in 2 arms in relapse but high dose group has higher severe adverse advents (7000 mg vs 1800 mg)

-Atrasentan in IgA nephropathy

-Phase 2 trial of Sibeprenlimab in aptoents with IgA Nephropathy

-MMF initiation in new onset SLE especially with high dsDNA with minor organ involvement shows decrease in Occurrence of new onset nephritis and chance of relapse

-The type 1 and type 2 SLE model -type 1 is inflammatory and 2 is non inflamamtory

-Long term effects of Empagliflozin in patients with CKD is decrease in progression to ESRD and death due to CV causes Benefit lasted 2 yrs

-SGLT2 Inhibitor use in Lupus: decrease in LN and long term mortality

-Once weekly Semaglutide in Knee OA found to .decreases pain and inflammation

-Denosumab trial in Hand OA found to have Good response.

-Prevention of RA by ABATACEPT 2 trials: ARIAA was a positive trial and APPIPRA negative trial

-Dazodalipbep trial in Sjogrens, a CD40 ligand antagonist found to decreases dryness and fatigue

-Inebiliziumab in IgG4Rd shower promising results

3) Year in review -Indian research

- There is 60% delay in diagnosis in rheumatoid arthritis Majority is referred to orthos and GPs

-Morality of lupus is mainly due to the disease activity itself Most common organ involved which is responsible for mortality is kidneys specially in patients who are undergoing hemodialysis

-Most common infection causing mortality in lupus is pneumonia specially COVID followed by steptococcal

-JAK inhibitors in IIM is helpful as a steroid sparing agent specially helpful in cutaneous improvement

-Takayasu arteritis with T cell subset which are MDR1+ and CD161 dual positivity is a markers of active disease

-MDR1+ is suggestive of steroid resistance takayasu arteritis

-IL9 blockage results in decrease of INFy TNF a and II17 and hence can be a good therapy for RA

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